



On Track Vision Basics and Tips

NNJR Track Side Classroom Series











Disclaimer

The techniques shown here have been compiled from experienced sources believed to be reliable and to represent the best current opinions on driving on track. But they are advisory only. Driving at speed at Watkins Glen, or any other track, requires skill, judgment and experience. These techniques assume the reader has high performance driving knowledge and applies them as applicable to their level of driving experience.

High-performance driving can be very dangerous, carries inherent risks and may result in injury or death. NNJR and PCA make no warranty, guarantee or representations as to the absolute correctness or sufficiency of any representation contained herein. Nor can it be assumed that all acceptable safety measures are contained herein or that other or additional measures may not be required under particular or exceptional conditions or circumstances.

Vision Basics and Tips



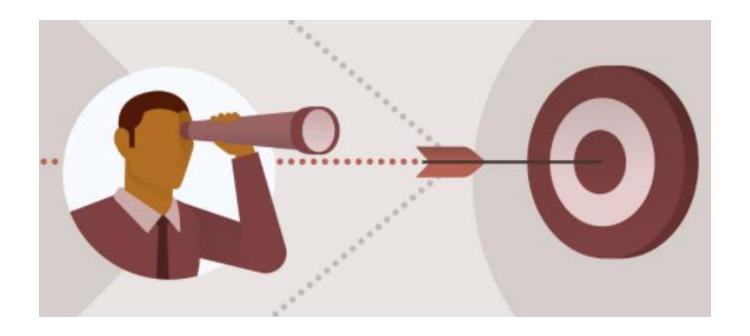
- Where to Look
- Adapting to Track Driving
- How to Look?
- When to Look?







WHERE TO LOOK?





Where to Look?

MRTHAN AND JERREY

- "Classic" Advice
 - Look (far) ahead (20 sec)
 - Look where we want to go
 - Focus
 - Approaching brake zone, look at Turn In, Apex (or EOB)
 - Beginning of braking (BOB) is peripheral vision
 - Approaching corner, look at apex (or EOB)
 - Turn your head now!
 - Approaching apex, look at track out
 - Etc.
 - Use Reference Points (RPs)
 - Cones
 - Fixed items: fence, curb, tire marks, etc.

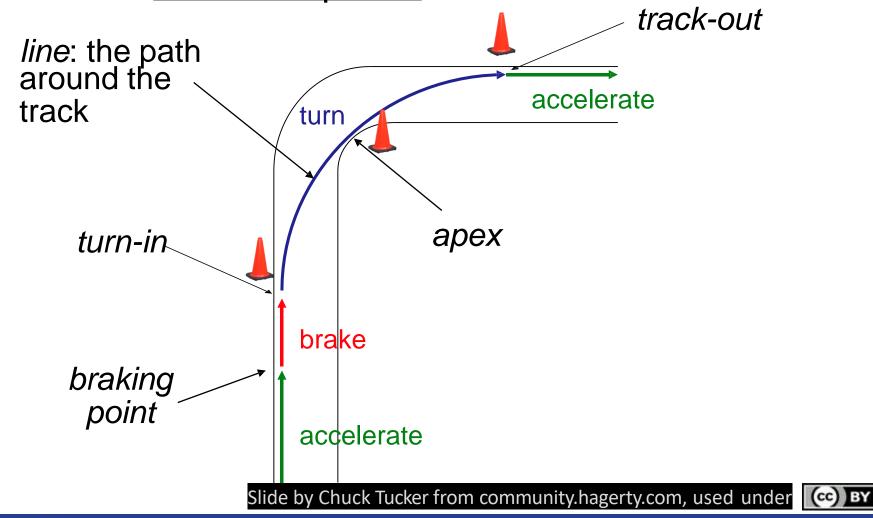




Reminder: Track Basics



Use <u>reference points</u> to drive a consistent line









RP's: You Can't Have Too Many



- Basics
 - BOB, TI, A, TO
- Essential Additions
 - Elevation, surface, color changes
 - All other unique features
- Non-Obvious Additions (not for beginners)
 - EOB, TAP, WOT
- Want to Get Better?
 - More: complete "mental picture"





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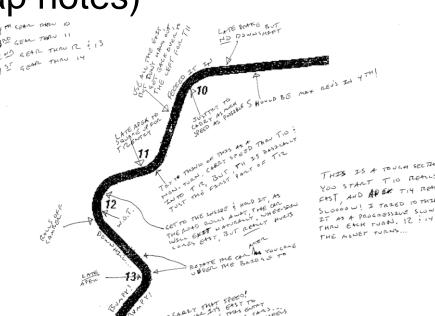
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Eyes up- look ahead

Why Reference Points?

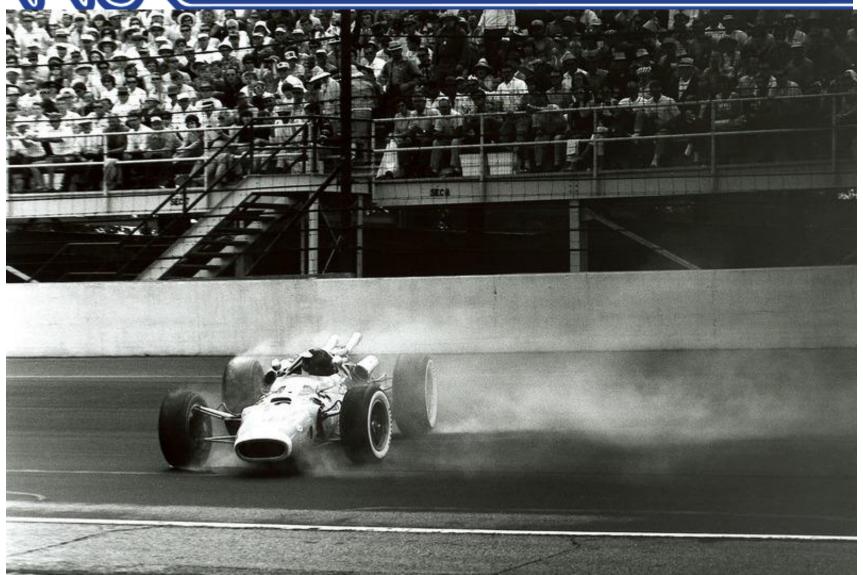


- Consistency; i.e. "Repeatability"
 - "Hit Your Marks"
 - If it doesn't look the same, it isn't the same
- Write them down (track map notes)
- Create a mental picture
 - Use for Visualization





Look Where We Want to Go!









ADAPTING TO TRACK DRIVING





Adapting Vision to DE Driving*



- Eyes take .7 sec to see, brain another .7 sec to react to something new (unexpected)
 - Means we need to look a minimum of 2 seconds ahead
- Our eyes have to be trained
 - Genetically programed for 19 mph; not for 100+
 - Looking 30' ahead is natural
 - Human eyes/brain not designed to drive fast cars on a race track!
 - Avoid "target fixation"
 - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=v7xFXxwZMNA

* Dennis Macchio



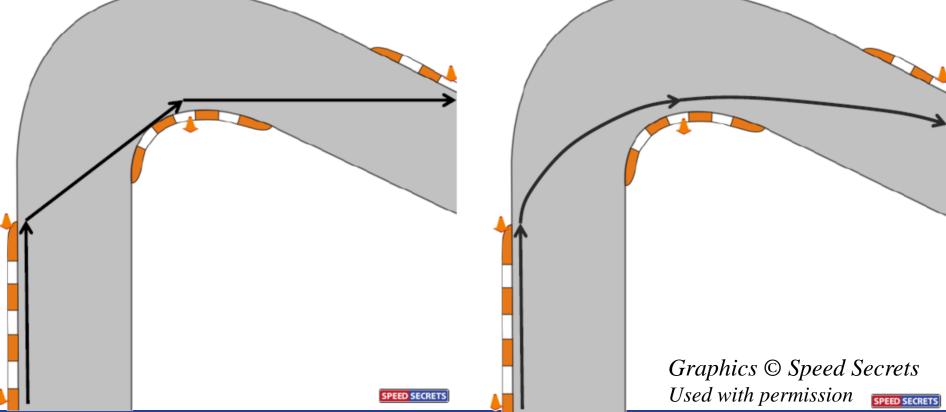


How We "See" a Corner



- A curve requires 3 points (basic geometry)
 - Our eyes have to "see" the whole corner

When we see the whole corner, we have (more) confidence

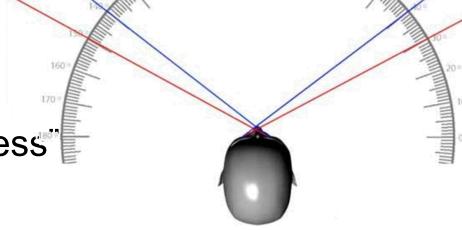




"Peripheral Vision"



- Focus ahead and use peripheral vision when close to RPs
- Part of depth perception
- Essential for "track awareness"
 - Mirrors
 - Cars, objects in motion







- Critical part of Situational Awareness
 - MUST be aware of cars behind
- Should <u>never</u> be surprised by a car in mirror
- Scan mirrors (esp. rear view)
 - On and end of straightaway
 - Are cars closer or further away?
 - Exiting a corner
 - · Confirms how close the next car is



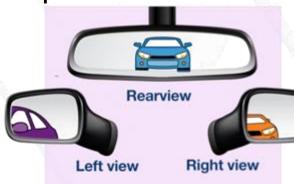


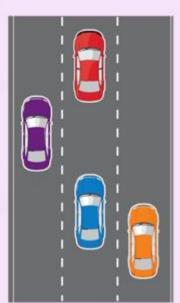


- Start in correct seating position!
 - Height tradeoff: up helps vision, down helps kinesthetics

MIRRORS

- Rearview Mirror
 - Adjust to see entire rear window
- Left Mirror
 - Rest head against driver's window
 - Adjust to <u>barely</u> see left rear fender
- Right Mirror
 - Lean right so head is under rearview mirror
 - Adjust to <u>barely</u> see right rear fender



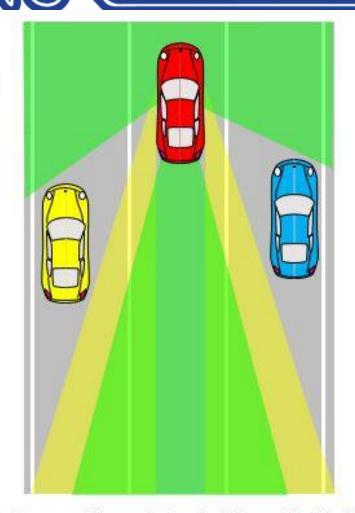




Proper Mirror Adjustment



Common



G. Plazer, "The Geometry of Automotive Rearview Mirrors—Why Blind Zones Exist and Strategies to Overcome Them," SAE Tech. Paper 950601 (1995).



How to "Look"?



Focus

Central vision, 1 second or more

Peripheral

Side/surround vision

Glance

Central vision, 1/2 second or less

Mental

Your "mind's eye"

Source: Central Indiana PCA



Putting it all Together...



Chuck Tucker, Cayman GT4, 09/10/2017 Putnam Park, Lap 7/15 Sector – Sector 1 Total Time: Lap Time: 0:08:19:8 00:08:3



Glance

Mental

Focus

Peripheral









WHEN TO LOOK?



When to Look?



At Flag stations?

At Mirrors?



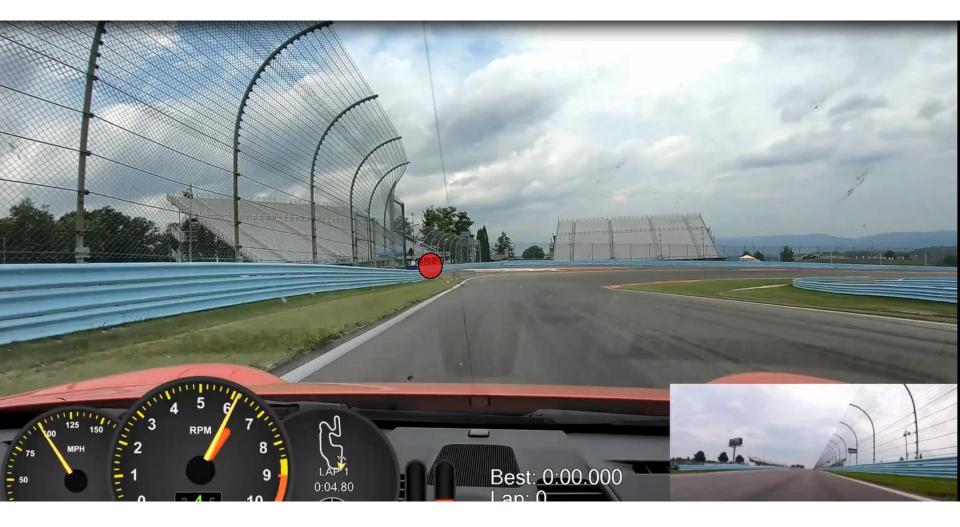


- Critical for your safety and others (duh)
- No excuse for missing any flag
 - Why do drivers miss flags?
- Inexperienced drivers
 - Not enough scanning ("glance")
 - Incomplete "mental picture"
- Experienced drivers
 - Tunnel vision: e.g. chasing a car or a laptime
 - Incomplete "mental picture"
 - "In a rut" and forget the basics





























Ask Yourself?



- When should I look in my mirrors?
 - Entering a corner
 - Middle of a corner
 - Exiting a corner
 - Middle of straightaway
 - Entering a braking zone



Ask Yourself?



- When should I look in my mirrors?
 - Entering a corner
 - Middle of a corner
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 - Middle of straightaway
 - Entering a braking zone



How to Improve on-track Vision?



- 1. On the street
 - 5 seconds, 20 seconds
 - Focus vs. glance vs. peripheral
 - Adjust mirrors!
- 2. Visualization / Mental Imagery
 - Develop the mental picture!
- Deliberate Practice
 - Sensory Input Sessions
- 4. Be Aware of Alarm Bells



Caution: Alarm Bells!



- In a rut / lose focus
- Pressure
- Tired
- Distracted





Summary



- Follow classic advice
 - Look far ahead
 - Look where you want to go
 - Adjust mirrors
 - Use Reference Points
- Adapt to Track Driving
 - Reprogram for faster speeds
 - Use Focus, Glance, Peripheral and Mental Vision
- See flags early
- Check mirrors at the right time
- Pressure, distractions, etc. reduce vision…a lot





"Extra credit"



From the Advanced Class: Vision and Situational Awareness

Following slides show how to improve on-track vision



Can Vision be Improved?







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1. How Far Ahead Do You Look?







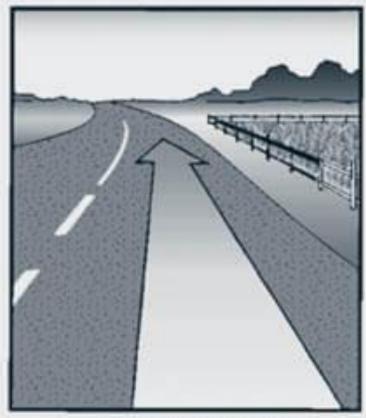


Targets





CITY DRIVING

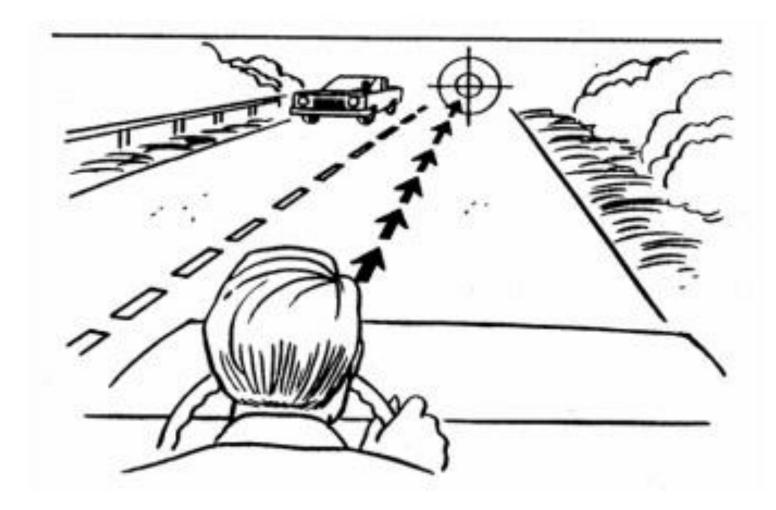


OPEN HIGHWAY

12-15 Seconds is About One Block 12-15 Seconds is About A Quarter-Mile

Note: Look Where We Want to Go





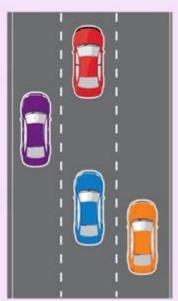


Adjust Mirrors!



- Start in correct seating position!
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- MIRRORS
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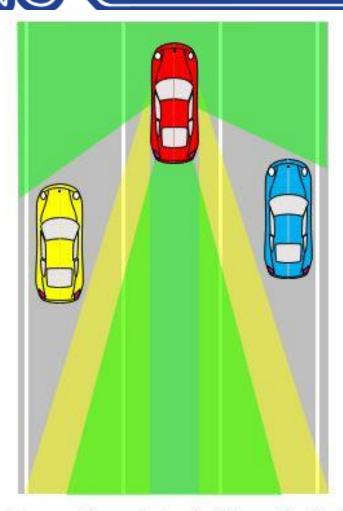




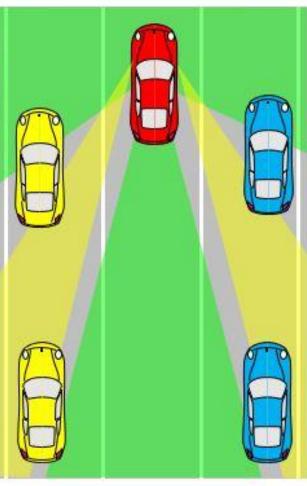
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2. Visualization / "Mental Vision"

- Develop "mental vision"*
 - A picture in your mind of entire corner
 - Start with in-car video of corner (over & over)
 - Key: Turn video off and visualize full corner including exactly how you want to drive it. Repeat.
 - Turn your head!
 - Move your hands and feet!
 - Imagine the sound the car will be making, how it will feel, physical movements you'll be making and how you will feel

SPEED SECRET

Using all your senses while doing mental imagery is powerful - and will make you a better driver.

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See Mental Imagery Guide for Drivers



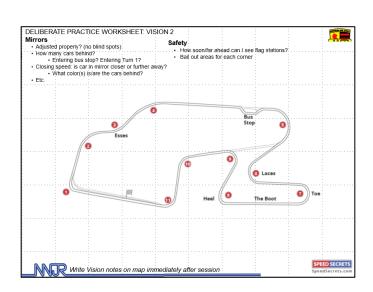


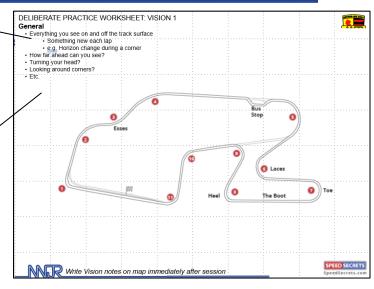
3. Deliberate Practice: Vision and Situational Awareness

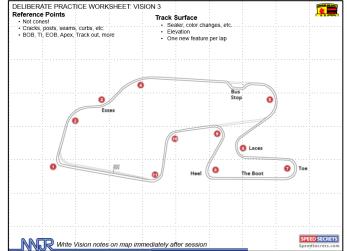
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General

- Everything you see on and off the track surface
- Something new each lap
 - e.g. Horizon change during a corner
- How far ahead can you see?
- Turning your head?
- Looking around corners?





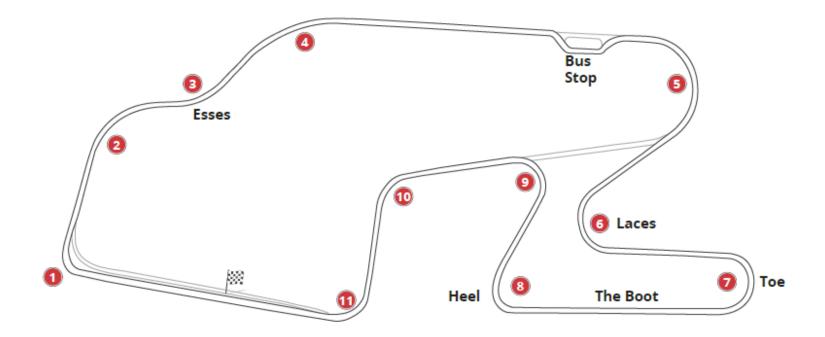




DELIBERATE PRACTICE WORKSHEET: VISION 1

General

- Everything you see on and off the track surface
 - · Something new each lap
 - e.g. Horizon change during a corner
- How far ahead can you see?
- Turning your head?
- Looking around corners?
- Etc.







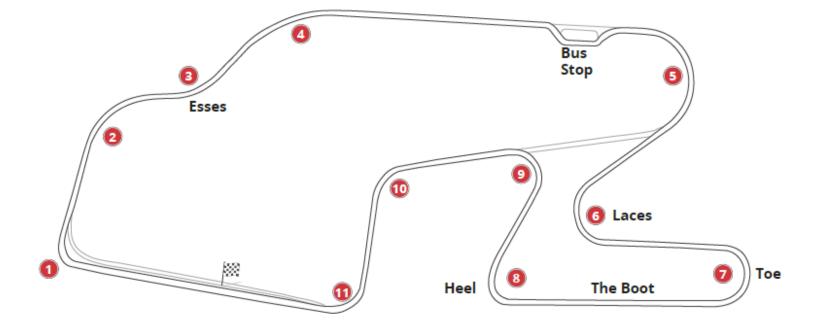
DELIBERATE PRACTICE WORKSHEET: VISION 2

Mirrors

- Adjusted properly? (no blind spots)
- · How many cars behind?
 - Entering bus stop? Entering Turn 1?
- Closing speed: is car in mirror closer or further away?
 - What color(s) is/are the cars behind?
- Etc.

Safety

- How soon/far ahead can I see flag stations?
- Bail out areas for each corner







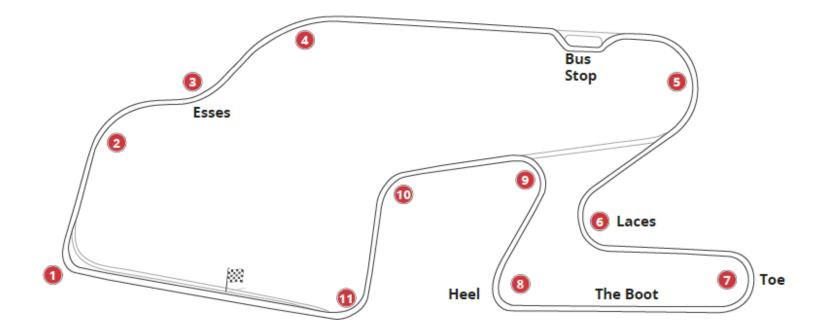
DELIBERATE PRACTICE WORKSHEET: VISION 3

Reference Points

- Not cones!
- Cracks, posts, seams, curbs, etc.
- BOB, TI, EOB, Apex, Track out, more

Track Surface

- · Sealer, color changes, etc.
- Elevation
- · One new feature per lap







Download Here



 https://nnjr-pca.com/wpcontent/uploads/2022/08/Sensory-Input-Worksheets-for-Vision-Watkins-Glen.pdf

M Be

Be Aware of Negative Factors



- In a rut / lose focus
- Pressure
- Tired
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